

Safety Data Sheet

Version number: 10.1 SDS# R1605 2021-01-07

**SECTION 1: Identification** 

# 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

R-1605, R-2500, R-2504, R-2509, R-2513, K-2513 Ampoules, K-2523 Ampoules, K-2703 Ampoules, R-2705, R-5502, R-5808, R-7404, K-7423 Ampoules, R-7904, R-7904A, R-7904B, R-7904C, R-7904D, K-7913 Ampoules

Other means of identification

Chlorine, Chlorine Dioxide, Ozone and Peracetic Acid CHEMets® Refills & Vacu-vials® Ampoules, Peracetic Acid VACUettes Refills, Bromine, Hydrogen Peroxide, Hypochlorite CHEMets® Refills

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Component of water analysis test kits:

I-2001, I-2005, I-2019, I-2020, K-1605, K-2500, K-2504, K-2504A, K-2504B, K-2504C, K-2504D, K-2513, K-2523, K-2703, K-2705, K-5502, K-5808, K-5816, K-7404, K-7423, K-7904, K-7904A, K-7904B, K-7904C, K-7904D, K-7913

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

CHEMetrics, Inc. 4295 Catlett Road Midland VA 22728 United States

Telephone: 1-540-788-9026 Telefax: 1-540-788-4856 e-mail: technical@chemetrics.com Website: www.chemetrics.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

ChemTel Inc.: 1-800-255-3924, +01-813-248-0585

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
2.6	flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227
3.4S	skin sensitization		Skin Sens. 1	H317

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word warning
- Pictograms

GHS07



- Hazard statements	
H227	Combustible liquid.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Precautionary statem	ients
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

### 3.2 Mixtures

### Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
water	CAS No 7732-18-5	≥94		
acetone	etone CAS No 67-64-1		Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H336 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	
Potassium phosphate mono- basic	CAS No 7778-77-0	1	Acute Tox. 3 / H331	
CDTA	CAS No 125572-95-4 13291-61-7	0.4		
N,N-Diethyl-p-Phenylene- diamine Oxalic Acid Salt (DPD) CAS No 62637-92-7		0.1	Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Muta. 2 / H341	(!)
sodium hydroxide	CAS No 1310-73-2	0.08	Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318	

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

#### Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

### Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 **Precautions for safe handling**

#### Recommendations

#### Wear impact- and splash-resistant eyewear. Break the ampoule tip only when it is completely immersed in sample. Breaking the tip in air may cause the glass ampoule to shatter.

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

#### - Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

#### - Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

#### - Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

#### - Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

#### 7.3 Other information

#### For optimum analytical performance, store in the dark and at room temperature.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
US	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	REL						2		NIOSH REL
US	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	TLV®						2		ACGIH® 2019
US	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	PEL		2						29 CFR 1910.100 0
US	sodium hydroxide (caustic soda)	1310-73-2	PEL (CA)						2		Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	acetone	67-64-1	PEL (CA)	500	1,200	750	1,780	3,000			Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	acetone	67-64-1	REL	250 (10 h)	590 (10 h)						NIOSH REL
US	acetone	67-64-1	TLV®	250		500					ACGIH® 2019
US	acetone	67-64-1	PEL	1,000	2,400						29 CFR 1910.100 0

Notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours timeweighted average (unless otherwise specified

Biological limit values								
Country	Name of agent	Parameter	Notation	Identifier	Value	Source		
US	acetone	acetone		BEI®	25 mg/l	ACGIH® 2019		

### Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint		Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
acetone	67-64-1	DNEL	1,210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
acetone	67-64-1	DNEL	2,420 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

Relevant DNELs of	Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time	
acetone	67-64-1	DNEL	186 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects	
Potassium phosphate monobasic	7778-77-0	DNEL	14.82 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects	
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	DNEL	1 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects	
Relevant PNECs of	fcomponent	s of the m	ixture				
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time	
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	10.6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)	
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	1.06 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)	
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)	
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	30.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)	
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	3.04 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)	
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	29.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)	
CDTA	125572-95-4 13291-61-7	PNEC	2.77 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)	
CDTA	125572-95-4 13291-61-7	PNEC	0.277 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)	
CDTA	125572-95-4 13291-61-7	PNEC	19 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)	
CDTA	125572-95-4 13291-61-7	PNEC	2.17 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)	
CDTA	125572-95-4 13291-61-7	PNEC	0.217 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)	
CDTA	125572-95-4 13291-61-7	PNEC	0.327 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)	

#### **Exposure controls** 8.2

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Product description** CHEMets Refills: Sealed glass ampoules, 7 mm OD, for visual colorimetric water analysis. Each CHEMet<sup>™</sup> ampoule contains approximately 0.2 - 0.5 mL of liquid reagent sealed under vacuum. Refills contain 30 ampoules, test kits contain 1 refill.

VACUettes Refills: Sealed glass ampoules, 7 mm OD, with small glass capillary attached, for visual colorimetric water analysis. Each VACUette<sup>™</sup> ampoule contains approximately 0.2 - 0.5 mL of liquid reagent sealed under vacuum. Refills contain 30 ampoules, test kits contain 1 refill.

Vacu-vials Ampoules: Sealed glass ampoules, 13 mm OD, for instrumental colorimetric water analysis. Each Vacu-vial™ ampoule contains approximately 0.8 - 2 mL of liquid reagent sealed under vacuum. Test kits contain 30 ampoules.

### Appearance

Physical state	liquid		
Color	colorless to pale pink		
Odor	odorless		

### Other safety parameters

pH (value)	6.3			
Melting point/freezing point	-7 °C			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	94 °C			
Flash point	>75 °C			
Evaporation rate	Not determined			
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)			
Vapor pressure	240 hPa at 20 °C			
Density	not determined			
Vapor density	this information is not available			
Relative density	1 (water = 1)			
Solubility(ies)				
- Water solubility	miscible in any proportion			

### Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	465 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

### If heated:

**Risk of ignition** 

### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

#### Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

	Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance CAS No Exposure route AT						
	Potassium phosphate monobasic	7778-77-0	inhalation: dust/mist	0.83 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h		

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

#### 12.3 **Bioaccumulative potential**

Data are not available.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Information on this property is not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment methods

please consider the relevant national or regional provisions

**SECTION 14: Transport information** 

- UN number 14.1
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- 14.4 Packing group
- 14.5 Environmental hazards

not subject to transport regulations

not assigned

not assigned

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

### 14.6 Other relevant information

Shipping container markings and labels for this product, as received, may vary from the contents of section 14 of the SDS for one or both of the following reasons:

•CHEMetrics has packaged this product as Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities according to IATA, US DOT, and IMDG regulations.

•CHEMetrics has packaged this product as part of a test kit or reagent set composed of various chemical reagents and elected to ship as UN 3316 Chemical Kit, Hazard Class 9, Packing Group II or III. In case of reshipment, it is the responsibility of the shipper to determine appropriate labels and markings in accordance with applicable transportation regulations.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

### Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Not subject to transport regulations.

### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

# International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

**National regulations (United States)** 

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) all ingredients are listed

### Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

none of the ingredients are listed

### Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2		1	1000 (454)
acetone	67-64-1		4	5000 (2270)

Legend

"1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act

#### Legend 4

"4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

### **Clean Air Act**

none of the ingredients are listed

### **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

### - Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2		CO R1
acetone	67-64-1		F3

Legend

CO Corrosive

F3 Flammable - Third Degree

R1 Reactive - First Degree

# California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

none of the ingredients are listed

### Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

### **NPCA-HMIS® III**

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	none
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temper- atures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

#### **NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description	
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temper- atures before ignition can occur	
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or resid- ual injury	
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions	
Special hazard			

### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	not all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	not all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	not all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

Legenu	
AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

#### Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.