

Safety Data Sheet

Version number: 10.1 SDS# R9402

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

Other means of identification

R-9400 and R-9423 Double-Tipped Ampoules

Double-Tipped Ampoules for Detergents CHEMets® Kit and Refill and for Detergents Instrumental Test

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Component of water analysis test kits:

Refills R-9400, R-9423; and Kits I-2017, K-9400

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

CHEMetrics, Inc. 4295 Catlett Road Midland VA 22728 United States

Telephone: 1-540-788-9026 Telefax: 1-540-788-4856 e-mail: technical@chemetrics.com Website: www.chemetrics.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

ChemTel Inc.: 1-800-255-3924, +01-813-248-0585

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
3.10	acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	1	Skin Corr. 1	H314
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.6	carcinogenicity	1A	Carc. 1A	H350
3.7	reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361d
3.9	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
4.1A	hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	3	Aquatic Acute 3	H402

2021-05-27

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling

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- Signal word danger
- Pictograms

GHS05, GHS06, GHS08



Hazard statements	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H350	May cause cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

 Precautionary stateme 	ents
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dusts or mists.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear eye protection/face protection.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
chloroform	CAS No 67-66-3	71	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Carc. 2 / H351 Repr. 2 / H361d STOT RE 1 / H372 Aquatic Acute 3 / H402	
water	CAS No 7732-18-5	26		
sodium phosphate, mono- basic, dihydrate	CAS No 13472-35-0	2		
sulfuric acid	CAS No 7664-93-9	1	Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Carc. 1A / H350 Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410	
ceric sulfate	CAS No 17106-39-7	≤ 0.1	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	()
methylene blue	CAS No 61-73-4 12069-69-1	≤0.1		

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

Wear Impact- and splash-resistant eyewear.

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation
- Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.
- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures
- Keep away from
- **Caustic solutions**

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Other information

For optimum analytical performance, store in the dark and at room temperature.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
US	chloroform	67-66-3	TLV®	10							ACGIH® 2021
US	chloroform	67-66-3	REL			2 (60 min)	9.78 (60 min)			appx-A	NIOSH REL
US	chloroform (tri- chloromethane)	67-66-3	PEL (CA)	2	9.78						Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	trichloromethane (chloroform)	67-66-3	PEL					50	240		29 CFR 1910.100 0

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Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]		Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PEL (CA)		0.1		3				Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	REL		1 (10 h)						NIOSH REL
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PEL		1						29 CFR 1910.100 0
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	TLV®		0.2					t	ACGIH® 2021

Notation

 appx-A
 NIOSH Potential Occupational Carcinogen (Appendix A)

 Ceiling-C
 ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

 STEL
 short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

 t
 thoracic fraction

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours timeweighted average (unless otherwise specified

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture	
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Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
chloroform	67-66-3	DNEL	2.5 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
chloroform	67-66-3	DNEL	333 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
chloroform	67-66-3	DNEL	2.5 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
chloroform	67-66-3	DNEL	0.94 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	DNEL	0.05 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	DNEL	0.1 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	DNEL	1 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	DNEL	1 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	DNEL	137 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture									
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time			
chloroform	67-66-3	PNEC	0.146 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)			

Relevant PNECs of	Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture								
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time			
chloroform	67-66-3	PNEC	0.015 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)			
chloroform	67-66-3	PNEC	0.048 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)			
chloroform	67-66-3	PNEC	0.45 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)			
chloroform	67-66-3	PNEC	0.09 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)			
chloroform	67-66-3	PNEC	0.56 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)			
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.003 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)			
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)			
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	8.8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)			
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)			
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)			
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	PNEC	7.8 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)			
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	PNEC	5.2 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)			
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	PNEC	230 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)			
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	PNEC	87 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)			
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	PNEC	676 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)			
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	PNEC	65 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)			

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Product description Double-Tipped Ampoules: Glass ampoules with dual tapered tips. Each double-tipped ampoule in K-9400 and R-9400 contains approximately 4 mL of liquid reagent. Each double-tipped ampoule in R-9423 contains approximately 9.5 mL of liquid reagent. Refills and test kits contain 20 double-tipped ampoules.

Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	Two phase - Blue / Colorless
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odor	characteristic

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	1.35 (aqueous layer) (acid)
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flash point	not determined
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)
Vapor pressure	not determined
Density	not determined
Vapor density	this information is not available

Relative density	1.49 (water = 1) (Chloroform layer)
Solubility(ies)	Partly miscible in water

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

Release of flammable materials with:

Light metals (due to the release of hydrogen in an acid/alkaline medium)

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Oral	1,279 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Inhalation: vapor	4.167 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture						
Name of substance CAS No Exposure route ATE						
chloroform	67-66-3	oral	908 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
chloroform 67-66-3 inhalation: vapor 3 ^{mg} /l/4h						
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	inhalation: vapor	3 ^{mg} /ı/4h			
sulfuric acid 7664-93-9 inhalation: dust/mist 0.85 ^{mg} / _l /4h						
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	oral	1,434 ^{mg} / _{kg}			

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans						
Name of substance CAS No Classification Number						
sulfuric acid 7664-93-9 1						
chloroform 67-66-3 2B						

Legend

1

Carcinogenic to humans

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans

National Toxicology Program (United States): Report on Carcinogens				
Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number	
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	Known to be a human carcinogen	9th Report on Carcinogens	
chloroform	67-66-3	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcino- gen		

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture						
Name of substance CAS No Endpoint Value Species Exposure time						
chloroform	67-66-3	EC50	152.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h	
chloroform	67-66-3	ErC50	13.3 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h	
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h	
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	ErC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h	
methylene blue	61-73-4 12069-69-1	LC50	193 ^{µg} / _l	fish	96 h	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Information on this property is not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

please consider the relevant national or regional provisions

SECT	ION 14: Transport information	
14.1	UN number	
	DOT	UN 2922
	IMDG-Code	UN 2922
	ICAO-TI	UN 2922
14.2	UN proper shipping name	UN2922, Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s., (contains: sulfuric acid, chloroform), 8 (6.1), II
	DOT	Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
	IMDG-Code	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	ICAO-TI	Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
	Technical name (hazardous ingredients)	sulfuric acid, chloroform
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	DOT	8 (6.1)
	IMDG-Code	8 (6.1)
	ICAO-TI	8 (6.1)
14.4	Packing group	
	DOT	II
	IMDG-Code	II
	ICAO-TI	II
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger- ous goods regulations

14.6 Other relevant information

Shipping container markings and labels, received from CHEMetrics, may vary from the above information. Products that are regulated for transport will be packaged by CHEMetrics as Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities according to IATA, US DOT, and IMDG regulations. CHEMetrics may also elect to ship certain products as UN 3316 Chemical Kit, Hazard Class 9, Packing Group II or III. In case of reshipment, it is the responsibility of the shipper to determine appropriate labels and markings in accordance with applicable transportation regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations					
Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49	Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information				
Reportable quantity (RQ)	14.08 lbs (6.394 kg) (chloroform) (sulfuric acid)				
Danger label(s)	8+6.1				
Special provisions (SP)	B3, IB2, T7, TP2				
ERG No	154				
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information				
Marine pollutant	-				
Danger label(s)	8+6.1				
Special provisions (SP)	274				
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2				
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L				
EmS	F-A, S-B				
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-	(ATA/DGR) - Additional information				
Danger label(s)	8+6.1				
Special provisions (SP)	A3				
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2				
Limited quantities (LQ)	0,5 L				

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities

Name of substance	CAS No	Notes	Reportable quant- ity (pounds)	Threshold plan- ning quantity (pounds)
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9		1,000	1000
chloroform	67-66-3	f	10	10000

Legend

Chemical on the original list that does not meet toxicity criteria but because of its acute lethality, high production volume and known risk is considered chemical of concern ("Other chemicals"). (November 17, 1986, and February 15, 1990.)

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings					
Name of substance CAS No Remarks Effective date					
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	acid aerosols including mists, va- pors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any particle size	1986-12-31		
chloroform	67-66-3		1986-12-31		

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9		1	1000 (454)
chloroform	67-66-3		1 2 3 4	10 (4,54)
chloroform				

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

L<u>ege</u>nd

1 "1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act

- 2 "2" indicates that the source is section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act
- 3 "3" indicates that the source is section 112 of the Clean Air Act
- 4 "4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

Clean Air Act

Name of substance	CAS No	Type of registra- tion	Basis for listing	Threshold quant- ity (lbs)
chloroform	67-66-3	Toxic substance	b	20000

Legend

b On EHS list, vapor pressure 10 mmHg or greater.

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9		CA CO R2
chloroform	67-66-3		CA

Legend

CA Carcinogenic

CO Corrosive

R2 Reactive - Second Degree

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals			
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
chloroform	67-66-3		cancer
chloroform	67-66-3		developmental

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	3	major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Health	3	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	not all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	not all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	not all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	not all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	not all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	not all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	not all ingredients are listed

Legend

AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H402	Harmful to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.