Manganese Vacu-vials® Kit

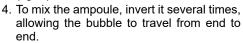
K-6503: 0 - 30.0 ppm (Prog. # 110)

Instrument Set-up

For CHEMetrics photometers, follow the **Setup and Measurement Procedures** in the operator's manual. For spectrophotometers, follow the manufacturer's instructions to set the wavelength to 520 nm and to zero the instrument using the ZERO ampoule supplied.

Test Procedure

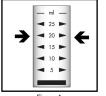
- 1. Fill the sample cup to the 20 mL mark with the sample to be tested (fig. 1).
- Using the syringe, add 1 mL of S-6501 Activator Solution. Stir to mix the contents of the cup.
- 3. Place the Vacu-vial ampoule, tip first, into the sample cup. Snap the tip. The ampoule will fill leaving a bubble for mixing (fig. 2).



- Dry the ampoule. Obtain a test result 1 minute after snapping tip.
- Insert the Vacu-vial ampoule into the l photometer, flat end first, and obtain a reading in ppm (mg/Liter) manganese (Mn).

NOTE: If using a spectrophotometer that is not pre-calibrated for CHEMetrics products, then use the equation below or the Concentration Calculator on the website.

$$ppm = 5.61 (abs)^2 + 35.48 (abs) - 0.19$$



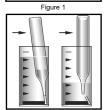


Figure 2

Test Method

The Manganese Vacu-vials[®]1 test kit employs the periodate chemistry.² Soluble manganous compounds are oxidized by periodate in a slightly acidic solution to form permanganate ion. The resulting pink color is proportional to the manganese (Mn) concentration in the sample.

Permanganate (MnO_4^-) develops approximately 25% more color with this reagent than other forms of manganese, causing a high bias. If the sample is known to contain manganese in the form of permanganate only, multiplying test results by 0.8 will improve the accuracy of the results.

 Vacu-vials is a registered trademark of AquaPhoenix Scientific, LLC U.S. Patent No. 3,634,038

2.APHA Standard Methods, 14th ed., Method 314C (1975).

Safety Information

Read SDS before performing this test procedure. Wear safety glasses and protective gloves.

