Nitrate Vacu-vials® Kit

K-7003: 0 - 1.00 ppm N (Prog. # 125)

Instrument Set-up

For CHEMetrics photometers, follow the **Setup and Measurement Procedures** in the operator's manual. For spectrophotometers, follow the manufacturer's instructions to set the wavelength to **520 nm** and to zero the instrument using the ZERO ampoule supplied.

Test Procedure

- 1. Fill the sample cup to the 25 mL mark with the sample to be tested (fig 1).
- Place the Vacu-vial ampoule, tip first, into the sample cup. Snap the tip. The ampoule will fill leaving a bubble for mixing (fig 2).
- To mix the ampoule, invert it several times, allowing the bubble to travel from end to end.
- 4. Dry the ampoule. Obtain a test result **10 minutes** after snapping tip.
- Insert the Vacu-vial ampoule into the photometer, flat end first, and obtain a reading in ppm (mg/Liter) nitrite-nitrogen (NO₂-N).

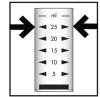


Figure 1



Figure 2

NOTE: If using a spectrophotometer that is not pre-calibrated for CHEMetrics products, then use the equation below or the Concentration Calculator on the website. If instrument response is > 2 absorbance (abs), dilute sample and retest.

ppm N = $0.24 \text{ (abs)}^3 - 0.67 \text{ (abs)}^2 + 1.17 \text{ (abs)}$

NOTE: To convert to ppm Nitrite (NO₂), multiply test result by 3.3.

Test Method

The Nitrite Vacu-vials®¹ test kit employs the azo dye formation method.².³ In an acidic solution, nitrite diazotizes with a primary aromatic amine and then couples with another organic molecule to produce a highly colored azo dye. The resulting pink-orange color is proportional to the nitrite concentration in the sample.

- 1. Vacu-vials is a registered trademark of AquaPhoenix Scientific, LLC U.S. Patent No. 3,634,038 2. APHA Standard Methods, 23rd ed., Method 4500-NO_a- B 2000.
- 3. EPA Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes, Method 354.1 (1983).

Safety Information

Read SDS before performing this test procedure. Wear safety glasses and protective gloves.

